## <u>Class XI</u>

# Gravitation 1

1.	On which fundamental law of physics is Kepler's second law is based?	1
2.	Which is greater the attraction of the earth for 1 kg of aluminum or aluminum or attraction of 1kg of aluminum for the earth?	1
3.	Distance between two bodies is increased to three times its original value. What is the effect on the gravitational force between them?	1
4.	The distance of the planet Jupiter from the sun is 5.2 times that of the earth. Find the period of the Jupiter's revolution around the sun?	2
5.	Show that for a two particle system $\vec{F}_{12} = -\vec{F}_{21}$	2
6.	State two essential requisites of geostationary satellite?	2
7.	Show that an artificial satellite circling round the earth in an orbit of radius obeys keeper's third law?	2
8	A 400kg satellite in a circular orbit of radius 2 Re about the earth calculate the kinetic energy, potential energy and total energy of the satellite? $R_E = 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{m}$ , $M = 6 \times 10^{24} \text{kg}$	3
9.	Two uniform solid spheres of radii R and 2R are at rest with their surfaces just touching. Find the force of gravitational attraction between them if density of spheres be P?	2
10.	Find expressions for (1) potential energy (2) kinetic energy (3) total energy for an artificial satellite.	3

# <u>Class XI</u>

# Gravitation 2

1.	The gravitational force between two blocks is F what would happen if a mass of both the blocks as well as distance between them is doubled?	1
2.	A body is weightless at the centre of earth. Why?	1
3.	Where will a body weigh more at Delhi or at Shimla? Why?	1
4.	Find an expression for the weight of a body at the centre of the earth?	1
5.	Find an expression for gravitational intensity due to earth at a point on its free surface.	2
6.	The earth's mass is 80 times that of moon and their diameters are in the ratio 4:1 respectively. What is the value of g on moon?	2
7.	Determine the value of g at the bottom of an ocean 7km deep Given that radius of earth is 6370 km and $g = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2$ .	1
8	Show that value of g at a height h is same as the value of acceleration due of gravity at a depth $d = 2h$	2
9.	If T be the period of satellite revolving just above the surface of a planet whose average density is p, show that $PT^2$ is a universal constant.	2
10.	Define Gravitational potential energy Hence deduces an expression for gravitational potential energy of a body placed at a point sear the surface of earth?	3

# <u>Class XI</u> <u>Gravitation 3</u>

1.	Why is gravitational potential energy always negative?	1
2.	At what height above the surface of the earth value of acceleration due to gravity is reduced to one fourth of its value on the surface of the earth?	2
3.	Name two factors which determine whether a planet has atmosphere or not?	1
4.	What is Kepler's law of periods? Show it mathematically?	2
5.	With two characteristics of gravitational force?	2
6.	Assuming earth to be a uniform sphere finds an expression for density of earth in terms of g and G?	2
7.	If radius of earth is 6400km, what will be the weight of 1 quintal body if taken to the height of 1600 km above the sea level?	2
8	A satellite is revolving is a circular path close to a planet of density $\rho$ . find an expression for its period of revolution?	2
9.	How far away from the surface of earth does the value of g is reduced to $4\%$ of its value on the surface of the earth Given radius of earth = $6400$ km	2
10.	Obtain on expression showing variation of acceleration due to gravity with height?	2